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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Bradstreets report continued activity in industrial and trade circles. —— Gen. Lawton, with reinforcements for Gen. Otis, has arrived at Manila. —— Mrs. Poirier and Sam'l Parslow were hanged together in St. Scholastique, Canada; they were convicted of the murder of the woman's husband. —— The difficulty between Great Britain and Russia in regard to the contract entered into by an English syndicate with the Chinese government for a railroad loan of eleven millions, has been satisfactorily settled. —— President McKinley will leave Washington next Monday on a trip to Thomasville, Ga., travelling via the A. C. L. —— The Tenth immunes, after leaving Raleigh, behaved in an outrageous manner, forcing their way into stores and saloons and taking whatever they wanted; at Wilson their conduct was the worst. —— Martin Mahon, the New York hotel man, says that he will not return to New York to testify against Mrs. Fayne Moore. —— The Pope continues to improve —— Rudyard Kipling's condition continues serious; he is still very weak. ——New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3½ per cent., last loan being at 3½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6¼c; flour was dull, weak and lower; wheat—spot weak; No. 2 red 82½@82⅝c; corn—spot firm; No. 2 42⅜@44¼c; oats—spot dull; No. 2 33¼c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 47@47½.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 10.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 48 deg.; 8 P. M., 52 deg.; maximum, 64 deg.; minimum, 48 deg.; mean, 56 deg.

Rainfall for the day, 0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .05.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—For North Carolina—Fair; warmer in extreme eastern portion; fresh to brisk easterly winds.

Port Almanac---March 11.

Sun Rises	6.19 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.02 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 43 M.
High Water at Southport	7.49 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	11.19 P. M.

Think of a $75,000,000 soap Trust, when we are reaching out to take in all those unwashed islands.

Ex-Commissary General Eagan is on his way to Hawaii. It is not reported that he has taken any canned beef as a travel ration.

Hon. Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, is a prospective candidate for the Senatorial seat for which Matt Quay is tussling, and it is said his chances are growing.

Secretary Alger says he didn't hear any hissing in Boston. He may be somewhat hard of hearing, but how about those hoots, cat calls, etc., with which he was welcomed?

A New York man who got tired of laying awake nights listening for burglars, invented a trap, which was a decided success. He caught himself the first night and cracked his skull, too.

It is reported that Alger says he will resign if his presence in the Cabinet embarrasses Mr. McKinley. But it would be somewhat embarrassing to Mr. McKinley to tell his good friend Alger that.

During a recent earthquake in Chili, an unknown species of crab came out from one of the bays, very much excited, and showing by their actions that something was up. It may be incidentally remarked that no ordinary commotion excites a crab.

General Miles expects to prove that some of the canned beef sent to the soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico was put up in 1886, and that 300,000 pounds of it, which was condemned by European Governments, was bought and re-shipped to this country.

Hon. Grover Cleveland mailed his profound regrets that engagements, which it was impossible to postpone, prevented him from being present at Carl Schurz's birth-day party, and then he and Mr. Benedict and Bob Evans started for South Carolina on a duck hunt.

A Danville, Illinois, woman has recovered a $5,000 judgment against her lawyer for getting her into trouble. He told her he had secured a divorce for her, which wasn't so, and on this information she proceeded to get married again, and found herself with two husbands instead of one.

In Buenos Ayres, when they dress chickens for market they always leave some of the tail feathers on, so purchasers may be sure they are getting chicken. In China, when they send dressed dog to market they always leave some of the hair on the tail so the purchaser may be sure he is getting dog.

LOCAL DOTS.

— There was nothing doing in magisterial circles yesterday and besides a few small civil suits, no cases are docketed for to-day.

— The tone of the local cotton market was characterized as firm to quiet yesterday, with receipts of 176 bales against 145 on the corresponding date last year.

— License has been issued for the marriage of Miss Lula R. West to Mr. Wm. H. Hancamman, both of Wilmington, the prospective groom being a member of Hose Reel Co. No. 1, of the Wilmington Fire Department.

— The STAR is requested to announce that Rev. T. Bright, of Murphy, N. C., willpreach in Brooklyn Baptist Church to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock and at Southside Baptist church at night at the usual hour.

— Mr. T. D. Love, agent, has employed a flat and the tug *Imperial* to tow it up to Fayetteville this morning in place of the regular trip of the *Driver*, which had to be abandoned on account of extensive repairs to the steamer's boiler.

— The white Laborer's Union will hold an important meeting to-night at Hibernian Hall, beginning at 7 o'clock. Matters of importance will be discussed and all working men who are friends of the Union are invited to meet with them.

— There will be a special train to Wrightsville beach to-day, leaving the Wilmington Seacoast depot at 10 A. M., and leaving the beach on the return trip at 11 o'clock. This will give those who so desire, an opportunity to spend the entire afternoon on the souond or beach, by returning to the city on the regular 5 P. M. train.

— J. E. Lewis, foreman of the composing room of the *Evening Dispatch*, was bound over to court yesterday by Mayor Waddell for an assault on W. F. Gillette, whom Mr. Lewis alleges, was at the time intruding in his printing department in an offensive way. Gillette was fined $5 and cost, for disorderly conduct on the same occasion.

— Rev. Thomas H. Law, D. D., of Spartanburg, S. C., representing the American Bible Society in North and South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, is expected to arrive here to-day and will address the congregation of Grace Methodist Church in the interest of the society at 11 o'clock to-morrow. Sunday night he will preach at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Palace Bakery—Finest fruit.
Mercer & Evans—Look for name.
Seacoast Road—Special train to day.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

For Rent—First-class farm.
W. E. Perdew—Residence for sale.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. J. D. Webster and two children returned last night from Siler City.

— Mr. J. W. Murchison of Goldsboro, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— J. I Bland, Esq., of Burgaw, was in the city yesterday on professional business.

— Rev. R. F. Bumpass, presiding elder of the Wilmington district, went to Rose Hill yesterday.

— Mr. J. C. Wooten, of Maple Hill, Pender county, was among the visitors to the city yesterday.

— Miss Kingsbury returned last night from Greensboro, where she was the guest of Mrs. A. M. Scales.

— Messrs. T. H. and Charles Plummer, of Toronto, Canada, are in the city, registered at The Orton.

— Miss Hattie Fox, the accomplished milliner of the Bee Hive, has just returned from Baltimore.

— Mr. Dal Hardy, of Goldsboro, who has been here on business the past several days, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. J. T. Foy, of Scott's Hill, and his guest, Mr. Percival Whittall, of Worcester, Mass., spent several hours in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. D. Brown left last night for New York to buy Spring and Summer goods for his Front street store. He was accompanied by Mrs. Brown and Miss Maggie.

— Ex-Judge W. S. O'B Robinson spent several hours in the city yesterday. He came down by boat from Fayetteville and left for his home at Goldsboro on the 7 o'clock train.

— Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Skelding left last night for Washington, D. C., in response to a telegram, announcing the very serious if not fatal illness of Mrs. Skelding's brother. They were accompanied by Mrs. Skelding's mother and sister.

Drowned in the Cape Fear.

Mr. E. S. Pedman fell overboard from the steamer *Hurt* about 9 o'clock last night and was drowned. The accident occurred about a mile above Navassa. Every effort was made to recover the body, but to no avail. Further effort to this end will be made to-day. Mr. Pedman's home was at Garretts, Va., and he was on his way up the Cape Fear to the plant of the Cape Fear Lumber Company, near Elizabethtown, where he was going as an employe of the company. The steamer tied up at the Navassa Guano Works last night and will not resume her trip up the river until the accident is officially reported and investigated.

ELECTION OFFICERS HAVE QUALIFIED.

List of Registrars and Inspectors for Primary and City Election—Registration Begins To-day.

The inspectors for the primary on Monday, March 13th, and the registrars for the city election on March 23rd, met at the City Hall yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock and were qualified by Lieutenant Fred T. Skipper, J. P., and were furnished with registration books, etc., as required by law.

A number of the inspectors for the primary appointed by the Board of Aldermen refused to qualify, and others were appointed in their stead by Mayor Waddell and the officers for the election on the 23rd were selected by the City Executive Committee. The following is a list of the officers, both for the primary and the election, together with the registrars, who were qualified yesterday:

FIRST WARD.

Registrars—Upper Division, Isaiah L. West; Lower Division, W. A. Wright.

Primary Inspectors—Wm. L. West, W. R. Middleton, Thos. B. Carroll.

Election Inspectors—Upper Division, W. R. Smith, Chas. M. Harriss. Lower Division, O. M. Fillyaw, James Grady.

SECOND WARD.

Registrar—A. J. Hill.

Primary Inspectors—R. C. Sloan, J. G. Love, W. H. Styron.

Election Inspectors—R. C. Sloan, J. G. Love.

THIRD WARD.

Registrar—E. W. Hewlett.

Primary Inspectors—Wm. L. Jacobs, C. Du V. French, C. D. Jacobs.

Election Inspectors—C. Du V. French, (one other yet to be appointed.)

FOURTH WARD.

Registrar—T. G. Pickett.

Primary Inspectors—W. H. Lane, A. L. DeRosset, T. B. Oldham.

Election Inspectors—T. B. Oldham, W. H. Lane.

FIFTH WARD.

Registrars—Upper Division—G. G. Aman; Lower Division, R. F. McKoy.

Primary Inspectors—Henry L. Hewett, T. J. Landin, W. F. F. Newton.

Election Inspectors—Upper Division, C. C. Redd, W. W. King. Lower Division, D. D. Cameron, G. W. Millis.

The registration books will be open to-day at the different polling places from 9 o'clock A. M. until 6 P. M.

The primary, as has been stated in the official notice published by the Chairman of the City Executive Committee, will be held Monday, March 13th, between the hours of 7 o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M. In the event a second primary is necessary, Wednesday, March 15th, has been designated as the day for holding same.

Under head of "Rules Governing Primaries" in the official notice, it is stated that "All white men, who are qualified electors and who will pledge themselves to support the Democratic nominees in the coming city election, shall be entitled to vote in said primaries."

PROFITABLE ENTERTAINMENT

Lambda Delta Society and Class of 1902 Rendered Creditable Programmes at the High School Yesterday.

There were two very enjoyable and profitable entertainments at the Wilmington High School yesterday afternoon, one by the Lambda Delta Society and the other by the Class of 1902 (Division I).

The exercises by the Lambda Delta Society were devoted to Tennyson's works. Features of the programme were "Dedication of Idylls of the King," by Miss Annie Chestnut; instrumental music by Miss Lucy McEachern; selection from "The Coming of Arthur," by Miss Robbie McIntyre, and a duet by Miss May Walch and Miss May Galloway.

"Marie Louise" was the subject of study by the Class of 1902, the programme consisting of readings and recitations appropriate to the study of the life of this famous woman. Miss Bessie Williams read the story of her "Home Life." An excellent paper, "At the French Court," written by Miss Mary Post, was read by Miss Rena Mills, Miss Post having been absent from school yesterday. There was an appropriate recitation by Miss Jennie Bryant and a reading, "How She Met Disaster," by Miss Bessie Bolles.

Mr. Edward Toomer was to have been a participant in the programme, but was not able to attend school yesterday. In his absence the teacher in charge of the class read a selection. The programme was brought to a pleasant close by the singing of "The Watch on the Rhine," in which the whole class participated.

Second Advent Church.

Elder E. Fisk, of Bradford, Mass., has accepted the pastorate of the Second Advent church recently made vacant by the resignation of Elder J. M. King and has entered upon the church's work here. The acceptance is, however, as yet, only temporary and Elder Fisk will not be formally called as pastor untill the regular conference of the church, which will be held on Friday before the first Sunday in April. He and family are at present residing at No 708 Queen street.

Best Marsh Mallow Drops, 15c pound. Sold on their merits. Palace Bakery. †

THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

The Report of the Treasurer Showing Receipts and Expenditures From October to January.

The report of the treasurer of the Associated Charities from October 11th to December 31st, issued yesterday, shows receipts during that period of $1,040.32, including a balance of $103.72 on hand October 11th. Of the amount received $95.50 was paid in November, but did not come into the the hands of the treasurer until after his report was prepared. The report shows the following contributors to the Associated Charities' fund:

Cash, $5.00; Oscar Pearsall, $10.00; William Niestlie, $3.00; New Hanover county, $125.00; E. S. Martin, $25.00; New Hanover county, $125.00; J. G. L. Gieschen, $5.00; W. G. Elliott, $5.00; Jordan Haar, $2.50; C. C. Chadbourn, $2.00; F. H. Stedman, $2.00; H. C. McQueen, $5.00; W. E. Perdew, $1.00; Walter G. MacRae, $20.00; J. W. Murchison, $10.00; S. A. Schloss, 2.00; W. H. Yopp, $3.00; R. W. Wallace & Co., $5.00; Joe W. Yates, $1.00; F. R. Hawes, $1.00; John Mayland, $1.00; N. J. Burch, $1.00; E. Poezolt, $0.50; S. Behrends, $1.00; R. R. Bellamy, $1.00; nine persons, one dollar each, $9.00; M. G. Tiencken, $1.00; J. C. Stevenson & Taylor, $25.00; Mrs. E. S. Latimer, $50.00; cash, $50.00; cash, $5.00; cash, $5.00; Mrs. M. E. Bridgers, $25.00; Miss Emily Bridgers, $12.00; Mrs R. D. Tucker, $1.00; St. Paul's Lutheran Church, $16.85; Mrs. R. W. Hicks, $5.00; W. P. Toomer, $10.00; William Calder, $10.00; Mrs. Kate DeR. Meares, $1.00; W. L. De Rosset, Jr., $1.00; M. Rathjen, $2.00; Smith & Gilchrist, $20.00; H. Gerdes, 25c; "From a friend, $200.00; Miss Haigh, $1.00; B. H. J. Ahrens, $5.00; E. Ahrens, $5.00; Cash, $5.00; Cash, $1.00; Miss Mary Bridgers, $12.00; Mrs. T. R. Post, $1.00; F. Richter, $1.00; M. O'Brien, $2.00; W. W. Hodges, $1.00; H. E. Boney, $1.00; W. R. Kenan, $5.00; B. G. Worth, $10.00; R. N. Sweet, $1.00; R. W. Price, $1.00; Mrs. R. W. Price, $1.00; B. F. Hall, $10.00; W. B. Cooper, $15.00; S. P. McNair, $5.00; W. A. Whitehead, Sr., $1.00; A. C. Craft, $1.00; A. A. Willard, $5.00; J. H. Boatright, $1.00; Mrs. J. H. Boatright, $1.00; A. D. McEachern, $2.00; W. A. Martin, $1.00; D. L. Gore, $15.00; Jno. W. Atkinson, $5.00; James W. Monroe, $1.00; E. P. Toomer, $1.00; J. F. Mills, $1.00; J. M. Smith, 50 cents; M. F. Croom, $5.00; J. T. Jennings, $1.00; J. M. Latham, $1.00.

The statement of moneys paid out shows $380.44 expenses with a balance of $564.38 on hand, barring, of course, the $95.50, November contributions, previously explained. Expenditures in detail were as follows:

For support of orphans, $30; groceries and various bills, $238.45; funeral expenses, $9.75; rent for those in need, $15; janitor, $6; cash help, $12.15; work at office, 10 cents; wood for office, 10 cents; postage, 40 cents; railroad fares, $3.49; Catharine Kennedy Home, $35; secretary's salary for two months, $50.

Contributions in Kind—W. L. Parsley, 2 loads of wood; S. & W. H. Northrop, 4 cords of wood; J. H. Chadbourn & Co., 40 loads of wood; J. A. Springer, 20 loads of wood; I. B. Rhodes, J. F. Garrell, McLaurin & Hayes, beef: Dorcas Society (Jasper Stone), 10 new garments; Jewish Ladies' Sewing Society, 36 new garments.

The following have sent clothing: Mrs. C. P. Bolles, Mrs. E. S. Latimer, Mrs. Edward Wooten, Mrs. J. S. Watters, Mrs. J. H. Boatwright and Mrs. A. A. Watson.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

Weekly and Yearly Receipts As Posted Yesterday at the Produce Exchange.

The regular weekly stock report of the Produce Exchange, as posted yesterday, shows the following receipts of cotton and naval stores:

Week ending March 10th, 1899—Cotton, 1,513 bales; spirits, 152 casks; rosin, 1,449 barrels; tar, 1,966 barrels; crude, 147 barrels.

Corresponding week in 1898—Cotton, 2,833 bales; spirits, 369 casks; rosin, 2,717 barrels; tar, 2,022 barrels; crude, 63 barrels.

The crop year receipts up to March 10th are as follows:

1899—Cotton, 286,822 bales; spirits, 27,490 casks; rosin, 153,757 barrels; tar, 67,961 barrels; crude, 10,933 barrels.

1898—Cotton, 303,405 bales; spirits, 34,472 casks; rosin, 153,592 barrels; tar, 61,539 barrels; crude, 10,067 barrels.

It will be seen from the above that the yearly receipts of cotton up to this date are about 15,000 bales short, and that the yearly receipts of spirits turpentine are also short this year by about 7,000 casks. The receipts of other naval stores are, however, slightly in excess of those of last year. A comparison of the weekly reports will also show a decrease in receipts this year of cotton and all naval stores, except crude.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—4 barrels tar.

W., C. & A. Railroad—165 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 7 barrels rosin, 53 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—4 casks spirits turpentine, 68 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—8 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine. 50 barrels rosin.

Steamer Croesus—2 bales cotton, 12 barrels tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—1 bale cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 243 barrels rosin, 96 barrels tar.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—3 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels rosin, 50 barrels tar; 9 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Ruth J—13 casks spirits turpentine, 80 barrels rosin, 42 barrels tar.

Schooner J D Pigott—3 casks spirits turpentine, 58 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 176 bales; spirits turpentine, 32 casks; rosin, 463 barrels; tar, 325 barrels; crude turpentine, 9 barrels.

Best Marsh Mallow Drops, 15c pound. Sold on their merits. Palace Bakery. †

TWENTY-THIRD CONVENTION.

Young Men's Christian Associations of North Carolina—Officers Elected. Interesting Proceedings.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

DURHAM, N. C., March 10.—The temporary organization of the twenty-third convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of North Carolina was completed at 10 o'clock this morning under the direction of Mr. H. O. Williams, international secretary, and W. M. Lewis, State secretary, by electing the following officers:

President, A. G. Brenizer, Charlotte; first Vice President, ——, Durham; second Vice President, J. Z. Eure, Wake Forest; third Vice President, J. W. Kennedy, Gastonia; Secretary, L. T. Jackman, Davidson Medical College; Assistant Secretary, S. A. Stewart, Trinity College.

A very interesting discussion was then taken up by Secretary A. G. Knebel, Charleston, S. C., on Bible study.

One of the most interesting features of the morning service was that conducted by Secretary Frank Mahan, of Durham, N. C., on the questions: "Does the Young Men's Christian Association reach the young men of North Carolina? How can it reach a greater number? What are some of the peculiar difficulties? How may they be overcome? What are the great needs?" In the discussion a great number of delegates took part. The delegation from Wilmington were heard from very prominently in this discussion.

Friday evening was taken up by Bible study, conducted by General Secretary Knebel, the first half hour. The remainder of the afternoon was perhaps the most interesting part of the programme. The army and navy work was discussed by those who were there. The following took part: A. G. Knebel, General Secretary, Charleston, S. C.; Frank Mahan, General Secretary, N. C.; Mr. Nanhorn, General Secretary, Asheville, N. C.; Howard Caldwell, General Secretary, Wilmington, N. C.; Julian L. Smith, Charleston, S. C.

At to-night's session Prof. Geo. C. Hanna, chairman State Committee, made a very interesting report of the work being done in the State, after which there were two very interesting addresses delivered on college work by Rev. A. T. Graham, of Davidson, and International Secretary W. T. Matthews. Both of these addresses were very much enjoyed, and as an evidence of the good they did, one delegate, immediately on the close of the session, gave one hundred dollars for association work in the colleges in North Carolina.

The convention will continue through to-morrow and will close Sunday with religious services in Trinity church.

THE TIMBER INTERESTS.

Improved Conditions in Lumber Market Have Stimulated Prices and Dealers Are Doing Profitable Business.

Timber inspectors and lumber dealers have been very busily engaged for the past week in handling the unusually large number of timber rafts that have been brought down the river by up-country cutters.

Mr. H. McL. Green, one of the leading inspectors, yesterday stated that timber of all grades was selling off as fast as it arrived at good paying prices. Common mill, he says, is bringing from $5 to $6.50; fair mill $6.50 to $8.00; prime mill $8.50 to $10 and extra at $10 to $10.50.

There is an improved tone to conditions and the demand is much better than for some time past.

During the past six weeks five schooners, carrying more than a million feet of lumber, have cleared for foreign ports, and seven schooners, carrying over a million and a half feet, have cleared with cargoes for domestic trade. Besides these, large shipments have been made via the Clyde Steamship Line, and seven schooners and barques are now in the harbor, loading for other ports. A comparison with the record for the corresponding period last year shows that the shipments this year are fully twenty-five per cent. greater than those of the same weeks in 1898.

Severe weather and the disappointing condition of the market during the cutting season has shortened the receipts of timber to some extent for January and February, but during the present month, with the stimulation in prices and eager demand, it is expected that many million feet will be brought down the river and the mills well stocked for future demands.

From the Holy Land.

Mr. Jake Elsbach yesterday received from Jerusalem a volume handsomely bound in olive wood entitled, "The Hagadah for the Passover, with English translations." The preface states that the book also contains some "remembrances of the holy places in the Holy Land," and the volume is highly prized by Mr. Elsbach. It was printed in Jerusalem in the five thousand six hundred and fifty sixth Hebrew year, and was bound by a native of the Holy Land, who in a private letter to Mr. Elsbach stated that competition was so close in his country that the book had been voluntarily sent with the earnest hope that ample remuneration for it would be returned by next mail.

Best Marsh Mallow Drops, 15c pound. Sold on their merits. Palace Bakery. †

AFFAIRS IN RALEIGH.

The State Board of Agriculture Held Another Meeting Yesterday.

NO OFFICERS WERE ELECTED.

A. and M. College Trustees to Meet Monday—Keeper of the Capitol—Mistake in the Bill Repealing the Bureau of Labor Act.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 10.—The trustees of the A. and M. College will meet for organization on Monday.

Keeper of the Capitol Burns claims he is in office for two years more, and refuses to give way to Mr. Cherry, the newly elected keeper of the Capitol. The courts will be appealed to.

The assistants in the office of the Enrolling Clerk have presented chief clerk Norell with a handsome table lamp.

Wake Superior Court is still in session. The summons docket was called this morning.

The twenty-third annual State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association is in session at Trinity Church, Durham. On the programme for to-night is "The Army and Navy, Camp Fire Tales from those who were there," by Howard Caldwell, General Secretary, Wilmington.

Bureau of Labor Act.

By a mistake either in drawing or copying the bill repealing the Bureau of Labor act and establishing the Bureau of Labor and Printing, the Legislature has added to the duties of the commissioner (Mr. Lacy) that of being tax collector for Bryson City. This is done in these words: "And shall perform all the duties prescribed in Chapter 15, Public Laws of 1897." Now, Chapter 15 is "An Act for the relief of A. H. Elmore, former tax collector for the town of Bryson City." The chapter meant is 251, which is "An Act to provide for the inspection and regulation of mines."

No county in the State had abler or more faithful representatives than did New Hanover in Messrs. Rountree and Willard. They were recognized leaders—the one in matters of law and the other in questions of finance.

Status of Clerks and Employes.

By an oversight the resolution providing for an adjournment of the Legislature until June, 1900, had nothing to say in regard to the pay of clerks and employes. And now it is claimed and the Auditor has so ruled, that by a strict construction of the law they will be entitled to draw pay for that time. The clerks, however, say they will make no such claim and it is doubtful whether the courts would sustain them if they did. It would take $159,000 to pay the clerks and employes for this time.

The Legislature cost $66,500, as far as can now be ascertained; that of 1897 cost $70,760, while the one in 1895 climbed up to $72,266.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The State Board of Agriculture held another meeting to-day. No officers were elected, as had been anticipated, the Board having decided to defer all active work unril after the next meeting, on April 26th. A committee, composed of three members of the Board and Pros. Holmes and Secretary Bruner, was appointed to receive bids and specifications for an annex to the museum, and to make report at the next meeting of the Board.

The three members of the Fish Committee (Coffield, Grimes and Capehart) were instructed to correspond with the proper authorities at Washington relative to the establishment of a fish-hatchery in Albemarle sound. Mr. Capehart explained that such action was necessary to the fishing interests of the State.

A resolution was adopted that no member of the Board should hold any office, save in the actual line of duty as a member of the Board. This is aimed at three of the Fusion members of the Board, who are also fertilizer inspectors, and at J. C. L. Harris, who is a member of the Board and also attorney for it. They must now either resign from the Board or resign from the offices they hold under it.

CONTRACT AWARDED YESTERDAY.

Messrs. Zachary and Zachary, of Raleigh, Awarded Contract for Solomon Store.

The contract for the erection of the handsome new three-story store building for Messrs. S. and B. Solomon, was awarded yesterday to Messrs. Zachary and Zachary, of Raleigh, who were adjudged the lowest bidders. Mr. A. C. Zachary, a member of the firm whose arrival in the city was announced in yesterday's STAR, returned to Raleigh last night for the purpose of making necessary arrangements for commencing work on the new building by the 20th inst. STAR readers will remember that the building is to be completed by July 20th. Subsequently the contract for remodeling Messrs. S. and B. Solomon's corner store building, on Market and Front streets, will be given out as an entirely separate job. Particulars as to the specifications for both contracts were published in yesterday's STAR.

Fire Damage Repaired.

Messrs. Tyler and Sumlin, contractors, will complete the work of repairing the damage to the building occupied by the D. F. Koonce Co. on Second street, near Market, to-day or Monday. Since the fire some weeks ago, the stock has been concentrated in the south salesroom. As soon as the repairs are completed the firm will resume the use of both stores. The damage to the building occupied by the Sneed Furniture Company was also repaired by the same contractors and was completed early this week.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

Church Notices.

Rev. J. W. Craig will preach in Bladen Street Church to-morrow, morning and night.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, pastor; 11 A. M., "Stars for Your Crown;" at 8 P. M., "The Young Man."

Regular religious services at Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

The Rev. Thos. H. Law, D. D., of Spartanburg, S. C., will be in the city over the Sabbath and will preach at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church at the evening service in the interest of the Bible cause.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7.30 P. M. Wednesdays. Public invited to all these services.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Communion of the Lord's Supper at the morning service. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8.00 P. M. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 P. M. All are invited to these services.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. B. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. A. P. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting each Sunday 7 p. m. Sunday School, J. H. Davis, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Train To-day.

The Wilmington Seacoast Company will run a special train to Wrightsville beach to-day, leaving the depot at Ninth and Orange streets at 10 A. M., and starting from the beach on the return trip at 11 o'clock. Those who so desire can spend the day, returning to the city on the regular 5 P. M. train. mar 11 1t

Fourth Ward Candidates.

The Voters of this Ward are urged to support

CHARLES W. WORTH
and
JOHN H. HANBY

for Aldermen, at the Primary Election. ma 9 4t

Finest Display of

FRUIT

In Wilmington

at the

PALACE BAKERY.

ma 11 tf

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

We have just received a large and select stock, which we offer to the trade at close figures: Flour, Salt, Molasses, Coffee, Tobacco, Snuff, Bacon, Lard, Soaps, Meal, Rice, Bagging, Ties, Nails, Oysters, Peaches, Cakes, Cheese, Corn Beef, Baking Powders, Teas, Cheroots, Cigarettes, Tomatoes, etc. In fact,

Everything kept in a First-class Grocery Store.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

WILLIAMS BROS.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

fe 18 tf

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

Look For The Name

NO other dealer can sell you "Jenness Miller" Shoes or their equal, for they are confined to us for Wilmington.

Every pair contains the autograph signature of "Mrs. Jenness Miller" and none are genuine without it!

They are the most comfortable, most durable and most stylish Shoes made for women.

"They fit the feet as nature intended!"

Try a pair and enjoy genuine foot comfort.

Only $3.50.

MERCER & EVANS.

115 Princess street.

ma 11 3t sa tu th

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHNSON'S

Great Sale Continues.

Entire Stock

Don't Miss This Chance for Splendid Bargains.

No. 111 Market Street.

fe 26 tf

Vollers & Hashagen.

PROVISIONS.

"Q" BRAND FLOUR

Has an immense sale. Try it and increase your business.

The sale of Cigars increases, and we still offer

Cuban Blossoms, Renown, Topical Twist.

If your trade languishes try any above brands and you will regain it.

Dealers in

HOG PRODUCTS, Canned Meats, Lard, &c.

fe 19 tf Nutt street, A. C. L. Crossing.

German Kainit.

1500 bags Pure Kainit.
1000 bags Cotton Seed Meal.
1200 bags 13 Per Cent Acid.
1100 bags Tobacco Fertilizer.
1900 bags Cotton Fertilizer.
1300 bags Strawberry Fertilizer
300 bags Muriate Potash.
340 bags Sulphate Potash.
150 bags Nitrate Soda.
450 bags B. B. B. Fertilizer.
175 bags Bone Meal.
150 bags Dirty Salt.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.

ma 5 tf

Consignments of Florida Oranges.

Brunswick County Yams, North Carolina Hams, Shoulders and Sides

MUST BE CLOSED OUT.

HALL & PEARSALL,

ma 8 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

REMOVAL.

I beg to announce to my friends and customers that I have removed my Fruit and Confectionery store from 123 to 304 Princess street, second door from the corner of Second, where I will be glad to welcome you one and all.

I have added a line of Fine Cigars to my stock, and will carry constantly a

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
Candies, Fruits, Cigars, etc.

I am better equipped than ever for manufacturing choice Candies. I will gladly welcome you to my new store.

Yours, very truly,

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

ma 9 3t

Seed Irish Potatoes.

50 bbls. Houlton Rose Potatoes.
50 bags Houlton Rose Potatoes.
25 bbls Bliss' Triumph Potatoes.

All Aroostook County, Maine, Goods.

D. L. GORE.

ma 9 tf

Alderman from Second Ward.

By request of many voters of the Second Ward, we nominate W. H. Sprunt as a candidate at the Primary for Alderman of that ward.

B. G. WORTH, JNO. F. DIVINE, T. M. EMERSON, MATT J. HEYER, JAS. I. METTS, WILLIAM CALDER, H. G. SMALLBONES, W. E. WORTH, R. D. CRONLY, P. DONLAN, OWEN F. LOVE, J. C. MURDS, GABRIEL HOLMES, W. J. WOODWARD.

ma 8 3t

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

Aldermen for Second Ward.

At the solicitation and recommendation of friends H. P. West and Wm. E. Springer are placed in nomination for Aldermen of the Second Ward, subject to Democratic primary. mar 4 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 11.

ENCOURAGING AND SUGGESTIVE FIGURES.

Ever since the price of cotton has begun to decline the thinking men of South have been urging the farmers and planters to diversify their crops and become independent by raising their home supplies. Many of them are doing this and more of them will do it, and we believe that the day is not far distant when diversified farming will be the rule instead of the exception in the South. The general impression is, because there has been so much cotton grown, so much said about "all cotton," and so much advice given about raising home supplies, that but little has been done in the way of raising food stuffs, and few of us realize the progress that has been made in this direction until we see the figures of present production compared with previous years and note the steady increase. Mr. J. B. Killebrew, of Tennessee, is one of the most entertaining writers on Southern agriculture that we know of. He is one of the regular contributors to the *Southern Farm Magazine*. The March number contains an article by him on the "Condition and Tendencies of Southern Agriculture," from which we make the following extract. Noting the fact that many of the intelligent planters of the South recognize the necessity of diversifying their crops, he says:

"Accordingly we find that taking periods of five years the growth of grain is increasing rapidly in the Southern States. The corn crop in 1860 was 360,084,733 bushels; in 1870, 442,614,791 bushels—an increase of 23 per cent. in ten years. From 1890 to 1895 the increase amounted to 37 per cent.

"The rise in the price of cotton during the Fall of 1895 and the Spring of 1896 to eight and nine cents per pound caused a great curtailment in the grain crops in the cotton districts, so that the production of corn in the Southern States was reduced to 453,431,061 bushels in 1896, but gradually advanced to 575,388,044 bushels in 1898. This reduction was extremely unfortunate for the cotton planters, for, by reason of the excessive crops, the prices of cotton began to drop until they reached four cents in the fall of 1898. At the same time the prices of grain began to advance, and so the cotton-growers 'caught it going and coming.'

"The amount of wheat grown in the South is increasing with a satisfactory and encouraging regularity, and the time is not distant when, with the aid of abundant cheap fertilizing material, the border States so-called will rival in quantity the great wheat-growing States of the Central North.

The States of Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, West Virginia and Maryland, the principal wheat-growing States of the South, show the following productions in 1890, 1897 and 1898:

	1890. Bushels.	1897. Bushels.	1898. Bushels.
Tennessee ..	8,300 789	10,032,448	13 980,080
Kentucky ..	10.707,462	12,288,343	14,468,436
Virginia ..	7 904 692	8,451,864	10,626 112
W. Virginia ..	3.634.197	5.883,431	5,816,700
Maryland ..	8,848 177	12 277,056	11,72),935
Total	39,895 317	48,948,142	56,628,263.

These States in eight years have increased their production of wheat 16,732,946 bushels, or nearly 47 per cent.

The yield of what per acre in the group for the year 1898 was as follows:

Tennessee	13.2 bushels.
Kentucky	15.4 "
Virginia	14 "
West Virginia	13.3 "
Maryland	15 "

"The average yield, taking them all together, was 14.3 bushels per acre. Taking this same group of States, and consolidating the figures, we find the average yield of wheat for the years named to have progressively increased as follows:

1880 yield per acre.		8.9 bushels.
1890	" " "	11.8 "
1897	" " "	13.6 "
1898	" " "	14.3 "

"This is one of the most encouraging features in Southern agriculture. It shows a tendency towards a more intensive system of farming, and this is also inferable from the reduction of the class of farms throughout the South.

"The tendency towards higher yields and better culture is clearly shown by these figures. The average has been brought up to the full average of the United States, and with the same gradual rate of increase in yield these grain-growing States of the South will possibly soon outstrip any other States in the Union.

"But one of the surest signs that the South is making itself independent of the great grain-growing States of the Northwest for supplies of breadstuffs and provisions is seen in a comparison of the production of grain in the seven principal cotton-growing States, viz., North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas and Arkansas, for the years 1890 and 1898. In 1890 these States produced 228,130,235 bushels of corn and 11,510,271 bushels of wheat. In 1898 the production of corn for these same States was 308,490,742 bushels and of wheat 21,297,036 bushels, being a gain of 34.7 per cent. in the production of corn and of 85 per cent. in the production of wheat.

"The increase in the number of hogs produced in the South during the present decade, with a corresponding decrease in the great grain and hog-producing regions of the North, tells in unmistakable terms the progress the South is making in supplying its own necessities in the way of provisions.

"The following table, compiled from census reports and statistics furnished by the Department of Agriculture, is highly significant and suggestive:

	No. Swine reported for the United States.	No. Swine reported for the South.	Percent for the South.
1890.....	57 409 583	15,908.342	28
1896.....	42,842,759	19,075,362	44
1897.....	39,759 993	18,426,484	46
1898.....	38,651,631	18,128,859	47

Taking these figures as a whole they are decidedly encouraging as showing the progress Southern farmers are making in the way of raising food stuffs, but there are two facts shown by the figures which are both encouraging and suggestive, encouraging because they show what Southern farmers can do, and suggestive because they indicate that even more may be accomplished. The increase in the production of both corn and wheat, it will be observed, has been steady, which gives proof that the number of grain growers has increased from year to year, and the acreage also, and the increase in the average yield per acre shows improvement in farming and improvement in land, and it shows also that the wheat growing States of the South yield better on the average than the wheat growing States of the West do, and a higher average than the wheat growing States of the country as a whole do. What has been done in this branch of agriculture is suggestive of what may be done by good methods, and that the increase of yield may continue until the South will be the ideal wheat growing section of this country.

The middle belt of the South, with its mild Winters, is peculiarly well adapted to the growth of the finest quality of wheat and corn. As proof of this wheat grown in Central North Carolina took the first premium at the World's Fair in Chicago, and it competed with the United States, if not with the world. It is surprising to see how rapidly the yield increases under intelligent culture. There are farms in Randolph county (which is one of the best wheat growing counties in the State), where the yield has been more than doubled within a few years, and where the increase in production is still going on. There are farmers there who ten years ago raised from ten to twelve bushels an acre and thought they were doing reasonably well, who now raise about thirty bushels to the acre, and do not think they are doing anything very remarkable. But it is remarkable as showing the responsive character of the soil and what may be accomplished on it by patient industry and intelligent methods. The same may be said of other counties in the State, all of which show a latent productive capacity of soil when stimulated by intelligent effort.

It is such facts as these showing what can be done in adding to the productiveness of farms that gives us confidence in the possibilities in the soil, and grounds for the belief that the South will yet be the ideal grain-growing section of this country.

A RAILROAD BUILDING ERA.

The Rocky Mount *Motor* quotes a Northern capitalist, who was passing through that town on his return home from a Southern tour, as saying that this year would witness the greatest progress in railroad building that the South has ever seen. The indications point that way, if the talk among railroad men and the number of charters applied for and granted be any indication.

The signs point to North Carolina as being one of the States where there will be great activity in road building, both new roads and connections between existing roads and systems. There is no State that we know of which presents better inducements for the investment of capital in this way, any whose geographical position is more favorable, or where ,paying roads may be built with a comparatively small investment of capital. Penetrated by several trunk lines running East and West, and some running in other directions, numerous roads may be built connecting with these and their branches, and none of them very long, which would open up large areas rich in agricultural, mineral, timber and other resources, which have been scarcely touched and are simply waiting the highways to market to put on life and hum with industry.

Railroad men understand this, and capitalists interested in railroad building understand it, and instead of railroad building activity being considered remarkable, the remarkable thing would be if North Carolina is not conspicuous in the revival when it comes.

A man in Stroudsburg, Pa., who lost a purse with $300 in it, but had it returned to him by the finder, a little girl, liberally rewarded her by giving her a whole penny, and then considerately advised her to hurry home before she lost it, as he did his money.

PEACE LOVING NATIONS

There is not a nation in the world to-day which does not profess to be a peace-loving nation and there isn't one of them which can that isn't increasing its navies and its armies, and getting on a footing for the biggest kind of war. There are more ships afloat to-day and more on the stocks and more men under arms than the world ever saw before, and they are all kept up by "peace-loving nations."

It may be incidentally remarked that these peace-loving professions are nullified by their land-grabbing propensities. This makes the friction, for they are all grabbing, and they must be prepared to defend with ships and men what they grab, so that when we get to the bottom of it it is the greed for more territory which makes these stupendous armaments and preparations for war necessary and imperils the peace of the world.

But they love peace, all the same, provided their love of peace does not conflict with their propensity to steal the territory of weaker nations. They seem to act upon the principle that the surest way to peace is the most stupendous preparations for war, and it is also the surest way to hold their grip on the territory they seize.

POPULAR SENTIMENT.

The many friends of Maj. Stedman in this part of the State will appreciate the following, which we clip from the Raleigh *Post* of the 8th inst:

"Hon. Charles M. Stedman, of Greensboro, is in the city in attendance on the Supreme Court. The Governor is looking as handsome and distinguished as usual, and his host of friends are pleased at this opportunity to grasp his warm hand again. As he passed into the Supreme Court room yesterday, after greeting several friends, one of them remarked, 'There's the man I want to see made the successor of Governor Russell.' At once there was a chorus of approval of the observation joined in by every person in the group, composed of a half dozen or so prominent and less prominent, but all good Democrats, while one added: "If he had been given his deserts he would be wearing the title of ex-Governor to-day, instead of that of ex-Lieutenant-Governor,' and that statement was endo sed also."

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The death of Mr. Joseph Hollowell occurred at his home in Brogden township, Wednesday night, of pneumonia, aged 46 years.

— Fayetteville *Reporter*: The many friends of Mrs. Susan A. Epps will be pained to learn of the death of that estimable lady, which occurred at the residence of her son, Mr. Wm. Epps, Carthage, N. C., Thursday afternoon.

— Whiteville *News*: We learn that Mrs. Laura A. Johnson died at her home near Hallsboro, in this county, 9th inst. very suddenly. She was as well as usual at four o'clock P. M. and died at six from concussion of the brain. — Mrs. Adelene Smith, an aged and estimable lady of Bogue township, died at her home near Hallsboro on Tuesday night of last week. She was about seventy years of age.

— Carthage *Blade*: Several of our people living in Carthage and vicinity bought from an agent a cheap little outfit for canning a year or two and have done well in canning their home supplies of fruits and vegetables. Far better, sweeter and fresher are they than any bought from the stores. Mr. Samuel R. McIntosh who lives a few miles west of Carthage has brought here for sale during this winter several dozen large cans of tomatoes. Not a can of these was defective, but all were in a good condition.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: The Dockery-Bellamy Contest in Monroe was conducted at the hotel, in a man's private bed room. The contestee demanded that the investigation be heard in the Court House and give everya fair opportunity to hear it. This was denied for reasons that are obvious. —— Last Friday this section was visited by a severe rain and hail storm. It was a genuine old fashioned thunder storm, accompanied by the largest hail stones we have ever seen, many of them being larger than hen eggs. Newtonville section, a few miles distance, was swept by a cyclone at the same time. Fences and trees were blown down and several houses were demolished.

TWINKLINGS.

A question is up as to whether politics is a trade or profession. In Kansas it is a disease; chronic — *Topeka (Kan) Capital.*

— "Have you given Mr. Starleigh any encouragement?" asked the impatient mother. "No, mamma," replied the confident daughter. "So far I haven't found it necessary."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "Give me one kiss," he pleaded, "only one." "Only one?" she asked. "Only one," he replied. She sighed. "Evidently," she said, "the modern young man doesn't know a good thing when he gets it."—*Chicago Post.*

— A High Church stranger who was visiting a rural church in England recently inquired: "Have you matins in this church?" "Oh, no, sir," said the rustic verger, "oilcloth right up to the chancel."—*New York Tribune.*

— Pedestrian (arrested for stepping on the grass in the park, to avoid a runaway horse)—"But what if the horse had run over me?" Policeman —"In that case I would have arrested the driver."—*Unsere Gesellschaft.*

— "I am much afraid," said the diplomat, "that you are going to lose your prestige." "Am I?" answered Li Hung Chang, whose possessions are so varied that he cannot, of course, remember about all of them. "I am sorry to hear that. How much is a prestige worth in Chinese money."—*Washington Star.*

IN ITS ADVANCED and chronic form a cold in the head is known as Nasal Catarrh and is the recognized source of other diseases. Having stood the test of continued successful use, Ely's Cream Balm is recognized as a specific for membranal diseases in the nasal passages, and you make a great mistake in not resorting to this treatment in your own case. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large for 50 cents is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Democratic Senators who have written letters recommending Quay to the Democratic members of the Pennsylvania Legislature would feel a little strange, we dare say, if the Hon. Matthew should be found guilty of appropriating State funds.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

——One tribe of Filipinos expresses willingness to help kill off another tribe, if the Americans will kindly furnish them with guns. People who profess eagerness to shoot down their own countrymen under such circumstances as exist in the Philippines are not worthy tobe trusted with firearms.— *Savannah News, Dem.*

——It is given out at Washington that the United States will not guarantee any financial obligations incurred by the Cuban Assembly. Naturally not. As long as the Cubans could negotiate loans with Uncle Sam's indorsement they would need never to work, and the fiat Populists with a printing press would not make money faster.— *Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

—— The roll of the Cuban army shows that half of the 50,000 men on the lists were officers, and they insist on officers' pay. The insurgent establishment seems to have been organized very much on the same lines as the Republican State machine in Pennsylvania. The machine always had more officials than private machinists, and a hungrier gang never infested a State since the locusts overran Egypt.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Shopping In Italy.

The American finds much to try her in shopping in Italy. In the first place, briskness is unknown. The Italian always produces the impression of feeling that he has the whole day ahead of him. Two of his favorite phrases illustrate this: "C'e tempo" (there is time) and "Ci vuol pazienza" (one must have patience). Whether one agrees with the first expression or not she has ample cause and opportunity to exercise the second. The leisurely bearing with which the salesmen bring forth their wares drives the hurried and unphilosophical shopper to the verge of desperation.

The very manner in which goods are kept stored in Italy is a fruitful cause of anguish. Suppose, for instance, that one is searching for spring underwear. With us such articles are kept in boxes or drawers, and it is an easy thing to whisk them out and display them to the buyer. In Italy, on the contrary, each style and size are wrapped in paper, and the package tied with a string. To make a selection it is necessary to have an endless untying and spreading out of parcels, during which lively would be purchasers suffer from the fidgets. It is the same way with stockings and a variety of other necessary articles, and the buyer must either say and practice "Ci vuol pazienza" or render herself bankrupt in cellular tissue.

Another source of trial is what appears to us the outlandish method of having things that apparently belong together sold in different establishments. Silks are found in one shop, woolens in another and ribbons in a third. At none of these can one buy needles and thread. If a woman wishes to hang a pair of curtains, she purchases the materials at one shop, the rod and rings at a different place, the iron fixtures at a third and has to go to a fourth to find an upholsterer to put them up.—Christine Terhune Herrick in Harper's Bazar.

Why Siamese Women Fade Early.

All women of the tropics fade early, but none more quickly than the women of Siam, and this chiefly for two reasons. They are really very pretty as young girls and, seldom or never growing stout, they should retain their beauty for a long period and would do so were it not for some of their customs and superstitions.

The most promiscuous of these is the treatment of a woman who has just become a mother. A fire, to which she is entirely unaccustomed in that hot climate, is immediately lighted in her room near the bed and kept burning without intermission for two weeks. This is done for the purpose of exorcising demons and evil spirits and very often results in exorcising the spirit of the poor little woman herself. The heat of her room during her entire illness is simply insupportable, and where it does not produce fatal results tends to undermine the strongest constitution. As the girls marry when very young they are likely to be old women long before they are 30.

Then the disgusting habit of chewing the betel nut, combined with the fact that they have no dentists, transforms the originally pretty mouth of the Siamese woman into a hideous spectacle. They first smear a sort leaf over with quicklime and then wrap in it a piece of the betel nut, very much as one rolls a cigarette, and they are rarely seen without a piece in their mouths.

The Siamese women have a curious way of carrying this narcotic about with them. They have their ears pierced exactly as the women of other nations pierce theirs for the purpose of wearing earrings, only instead of donning jewels they stick into the perforations the stems of several of these prepared leaves. One may frequently see them starting off for a chat with their neighbors, their ears quite overloaded with their favorite refreshment.—Exchange.

Suitable Food For Children.

"The realization of the importance of the use of the proper food for children is only just beginning to be felt," said a physician to a reporter recently. "Too often the child's food is almost exactly that of the parents, including tea and coffee. So much dosing with medicines would be unnecessary if parents were intelligent enough to know the use of the proper foods at the proper times. It is to be hoped that there will come a time when it will be necessary for girls to take at least a six months' course in the chemistry of foods and the correct treatment of the stomach.

"The foundation of digestion, good or bad, is laid in the earliest years, and many of the ills of later life might almost be directly traced to improper food in childhood's days.

"As a basis for a child's food, whole wheat bread and milk and cream are best, the bread homemade. Occasionally white bread toasted may be used or light milk biscuit as a change. Milk and eggs may be used in abundance, but meat should be omitted altogether until the child has the proper teeth for grinding it.

"There are many good cereal breakfast foods to be used with milk, but one should be economical with the sugar. Too much of it is harmful and produces fermentation in the child's stomach, causing cramps, colic and dysentery. Rye meal porridge is good and will overcome constipation, but oatmeal should not be used too lavishly, as a constant use sometimes produces skin trouble. One of these foods, with thin slices of graham, whole wheat or rye bread, moistened with a little butter or cream, some hot water and milk or weak cocoa, makes a good breakfast."—New York Tribune.

Care of Lamps.

The light of oil lamps is so much softer and less injurious for the eyes than flickering gas, or even electricity, that it really should be used instead of these in all nurseries and children's rooms, and the only drawback about lamps is that they require such careful tending to keep them in a safe and bright condition. But given a conscientious nurse or a mistress who undertakes their management herself all will be well. One very necessary thing in lamps is that the oil reservoir be kept scrupulously clean inside. No oil is so pure that it does not leave a sediment, and if this sediment be allowed to accumulate the succeeding oil falls to burn as brightly as it otherwise would.

Lamp reservoirs should be washed out

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CLEVER TRICKSTERS.

VERSATILE SWINDLERS THAT INFEST MONTE CARLO.

A Detective's Story of the Ways That Are Dark at the Famous Gambling Resort. How One Man Worked the Bank—An English Woman's Experience.

To be a detective at Monte Carlo is to be all things to everybody at one time. The place is no sinecure. I spent two full seasons at it, and felt an exhaustion when I finished as the veriest roue did who had spent his time in every dishonest game.

My life there was one absolutely behind the scenes. I was not a detective for the gambling house, but for prominent jewelers, a firm who had to watch every jewel of note and value worn in that rendezvous of adventuresses, ex-convicts, swindlers and sharpers.

The diamond necklace worn by the beauty at supper would be rented from us. I would have to keep ten paces near her during the ball or dinner. Did she dance, I glided about the room. Did she have a quiet flirtation in a recessed corner, I was there. Did she take supper a deux, I watched every mouthful. Was I afraid she would run away with them? Possibly. But what I did think about was this, that the hand that dangled the monocle was ready for the revolver the instant some man attempted to take the jewels from her throat.

Would she thank me forever for my kindness? Perhaps so, perhaps not.

She was most probably in the scheme. She rented the jewels at a good price. A man, her accomplice, would rob her of them in a dark corner. She was accepting his attentions ostensibly because he was Count Blank. She would report in tears of her loss to the firm. But what could she do? she would ask. Her accomplice would have time to disguise himself and get to Paris, sell the jewels and finally the two would divide the profits. They might actually be of noble birth.

And for these tricks I and my colleagues watched and waited. It was a madder, wilder life than any one knows. That is why I can tell you stories no one else has ever told you, tales that have never yet appeared in print.

Now let me tell you a story that no one but a detective could tell you.

I'll give you one of my hardest cases. A man passed a forged draft at the jeweler's in Nice for jewels; then another at a shop. I was put on his track. Here's his history: John Jones was a swell in fashionable outfit, cane, monocle and all the paraphernalia of "dudism." He "went broke" at the table and applied to the company for money to return home (they always give that). He was identified as a player by the banker, who watches every face, given sufficient money to take him home, pay his hotel bill and send him out of town in good manner. He had to sign a paper saying he would not return to the table or allow the money they had given him to be placed on the carpet.

He returned from the first station, had a barber shave him. Instead of the blond mustache are black side whiskers and a jet black wig, a pair of colored glasses finishing the disguise. He boarded at a new place, called himself John Smith and played his return money. He goes broke, applies at the office for return money under a new name and face. Now Mr. Smith is no more, but I had a widow, fascinating, coy and young. The disguise was excellent. The veil had to be kept down or when raised a fan kept at the mouth. The poor widow was not lucky. She lost again and again and went to the office for her return money.

The fourth disguise was that of an old man, suffering pain, fearful of people, shy. He was very cautious, avoided every one. He was registered James White. He lost and could get his return money, but says he would rather kill himself than humiliate himself. The next day a hat, coat and note are found near the sea by a reporter for a famous journal in Nice. Hush money was paid, and in Nice I found my young fellow running a cafe and selling to victims a sure combination to win at the 30 and 40 or at the roulette; also ready to write the most sensational articles for newspapers.

This is how I found him: I was watching with suspicion a young woman. She took the train for Mentone. So did I. On the car I played the hayseed, made inquiries about the games and interested her so that she promised to go back the next day with me and show me some combinations. She told me she played irregularly for fancy. Her husband at Mentone was dying of consumption. I went home with her in a casual manner and was presented to the husband. In him I found my man. I needed my handcuffs and revolver before I got through with them both, for she also was an expert.

I did one slight piece of detective work over the tables which was interesting. I was watching the players rather strictly, trying to spot a woman whom I wanted to arrest. An old maid came in and sat down at the table. She was English and very shy and alone. I turned my attention to her. I fancied she was green, and I watched her play with an amused interest for a moment. She pulled out her purse and with hesitation placed a gold louis on No. 22. It was her first gamble, and the old maid looked scared out of all her senses. I saw she thought she would never be reinstated into propriety after that louis dropped on the number. No. 22 came out, and the banker paid 36 louis.

The wheel started again, and once more 22 came out. The banker paid the limit and then remarked that the sum, being above the limit, could not remain on the carpet. No one moved. Then the dozens of hands reached out for the money, some carelessly, some eagerly, all with the intent of securing the money. By that time it seemed every one remembered he really had placed a gold louis on No. 22. The old maid hadn't moved. She was looking on in interest at the whole proceeding. I quietly stepped to the table and laid my hand over the money, at the same time calling out to the banker that No. 22 needed investigation. I gave my word that the English lady had put the louis on No. 22. The bankers inquired of her, and she said quickly she had placed the money there, but didn't understand enough of the game to know that this heap of money belonged to her.

She nearly went wild when she found it out; but, poor deluded soul! she got so excited that she played the most impossible combinations and listened to every one's advice, and in a few days had lost every cent of that gleaming pile of gold, with a good bit of her own small stock of money added.—Philadelphia Press.

Tommy Speaks Wisdom.

"What is it," asked the teacher, "to hibernate?"

"To hibernate," ansered Tommy Tucker, "is to get on the police force."—Chicago Tribune.

The Nice Young Man.

It is quite useless for either man or woman to expect perfection. The man who will not marry until he gets this must necessarily remain unmarried. He is a sour grape, hanging by a twig of obstinacy on a wall of great expectations, and the only thing to be said in his favor is that he has missed the opportunity of making some woman miserable. A young man once said to a friend: "I am not going to give myself away when I marry. The fortunate girl who gets me must have three qualifications." "What are these?" "She must be handsome, rich and a fool." "Why all that?" "Well, she must be handsome and rich, or else I won't have her. She must be a fool, or else she won't have me."—Chambers' Journal.

Ancient Volcanic Center.

Recent investigations lead to the conclusion that in remote ages there was a volcanic center near the site of the present town of Rossland in British Columbia from which lava and ashes deluged the surrounding district.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

A CHINESE DRUGSHOP.

Full of All Sorts of Queer Odds and Ends Used For Medicine.

In St. Nicholas Theodore Wores, the artist, gives the following description of a Chinese drug store in San Francisco: The interior of this shop presented a strange and oriental aspect. One corner was occupied by the household shrine, the chief feature of which was a highly colored picture of some favorite god. The smoke of burning incense, issuing from a brightly polished brazen vessel, rose from the altar before this deity and filled the air with its mysterious fragrance. Beside the shrine, on a table, was an abundant supply of refreshment, consisting of cakes, both red and yellow; of lichi nuts, oranges, candied ginger, a number of boxes of cigars, and last, but not least, of bottles containing sam-shew, the favorite beverage of the Chinese.

Ah Gau's uncle, dressed in a long yellow silk blouse, was standing near this table, busily engaged in doing the honors to his numerous callers. He greeted his nephew and his friend with great cordiality, and invited them to partake of refreshments, but Ah Gau modestly contented himself with a handful of dried watermelon seeds, which he dropped into his capacious inside pocket.

One side of the shop was taken up by a long counter, and shelves and drawers extended all around the room. These were covered and filled with a great and miscellaneous collection of strange and rare herbs and roots. Deer horns, in their velvet stage, were suspended from the ceiling. These, after being sliced as thin as wafers, are boiled and produce what is supposed to be a valuable medicine. Dried lizards, neatly spread on thin bamboo sticks, occupied a basket at one end of the counter. Dried toads, sharks' tails and many other curious objects used in the preparation of Chinese medicines, littered the shop from end to end, and a richly carved and gilded openwork screen, with two dragons in the center, extended across the middle of the ceiling.

The Chinese are very much behindhand in their knowledge of medicine. Their methods, which are based on ignorance and superstition, are quite as absurd and primitive as were those of the Europeans of the middle ages.

The Sultan as a Benefactor.

Abdul Hamid may be a cruel man, but he can be kindhearted now and then, as the following story proves: Last year, on the occasion of the "Hirka-i-Cherif," when the sultan drives through the streets of Constantinople, in the rush of the crowd to see the royal carriage pass it chanced that a little boy belonging to a charity school was knocked down and trodden on by an officer's horse. The sultan saw the accident and was much concerned. By his orders the boy was at once removed to the palace and placed under the care of his own physicians. The child was badly hurt and lay ill for a long time. No expense was spared to cure him, and he was treated as though he were one of the little princes. His mother, a poor widow, living in a far-off province, was sent for immediately. She came to Constantinople and was granted a pension, which enabled her to live near her child. As for the boy himself, the sultan has undertaken the expenses of his education and placed him at one of the best private schools in Constantinople. The little fellow's future is thus secured. He may safely count on quick promotion in whatever branch of the Turkish service he decides to enter, and his friends consider it a lucky chance that threw him under the hoofs of the bodyguard's horses. The boy is a Christian.—New York Tribune.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 20
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12	@	13
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	53
Virginia Meal	52	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11¾
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10¾
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	14	@	16
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	2 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
Fine Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	55	@	65
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	50	@	75
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10¾
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	28
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 126 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmer		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 50
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	6 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	5 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	3 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	18

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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL, ... $125,000.00
SURPLUS AND PROFITS, ... 88,400.00

We Want Your Business and Will Make it to Your Interest to Deal With Us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed. NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President, LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

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S. P. McNAIR, E. J. POWERS, H. B. SHORT, W. E. SPRINGER,
H. L. VOLLERS, C. W. WORTH, J. S. WORTH.

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Now is the Time

TO MAKE YOUR DEPOSITS IN THE

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

All Deposits Made on or Before March 1st, begin to Draw Interest on That Day at Rate of

FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

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OUR BUYER

Being in the Northern markets purchasing the latest productions for Spring and Summer 1899, we are forced to make room for the first arrivals, which are expected to reach us in a few days. It will therefore be to your advantage to call during this week and

Note the General Reduction in all Departments.

In our Carpet Department.
In our Dress Goods Department.
In our Domestic Department.
In our Linen Department.
In our Cloak and Suit Department.

And so on, Up stairs and Down stairs. Come and help us make room. FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED, at

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

No. 9 North Front Street.
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS. fe 26 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $200,000.

Opens Wednesday morning, March 1st. Business solicited. Patrons can rely on strict attention to their accounts, and

As liberal methods as are consistent with safe banking.

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J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

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J. C. STEVENSON, T. M. EMERSON,
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R. W. WALLACE, FRED KIDDER,
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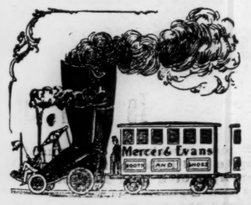

For any kind of GOOD SHOES

Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.
The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.
We have a limited number of beautiful SEASON CALENDARS. Call for one with your purchase. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

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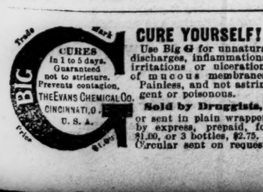

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Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CITY'S NEW CHARTER

Text of the Measure As It Finally Passed the General Assembly.

LAW AS TO THE PRIMARIES.

Mayor, Aldermen, Chief of Police and Executive Committeemen Only to be Voted For—Other Officers to be Chosen by Aldermen.

AN ACT TO BE ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF WILMINGTON."

The General Assembly of North Carolina Do Enact:

SECTION 1. That an Act entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington," ratified the 9th day of March, A. D., 1895, and also an Act entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington," ratified the 5th day of March, A. D., 1897, be and they are hereby repealed, and all laws and clauses of laws concerning the City of Wilmington existing at the time of the ratification of the Act of March 9th, 1895, are hereby declared to be in full force and effect, except so far as they are amended by this Act.

SEC. 2. That the election of Aldermen shall be held according to the Charter of the City of Wilmington and the Acts Amendatory thereto, except that the registration books may be open for only ten days previous to the election.

SEC. 3. No member of the Board of Aldermen shall be eligible to the office of Mayor, or other city office or employment, until the expiration of the term for which such Alderman may have been elected or appointed.

SEC. 4. The Mayor of the City shall receive a salary in lieu of any and all other compensation, to be fixed by the Board of Audit and Finance, of not less than Twelve Hundred Dollars, nor more than Two Thousand Dollars per annum, which salary shall not be diminished during his term of office.

SEC. 5. No person arrested by the City Police for a violation of the laws of North Carolina or the ordinances of the City shall be brought before any other person than the Mayor for trial or submission, except upon the usual affidavit for removal now provided by law.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the Mayor to have all persons who are tramps or vagrants, as defined by the laws of North Carolina, brought before him and to notify such tramps or vagrants to find employment within twenty-four hours or leave the city; and, upon failure or refusal to do so within said time, to arrest and put them to work on the streets or other city property for a period not exceeding thirty days.

SEC. 7. The terms of the City Attorney and the City Clerk and Treasurer shall be for two years, beginning on the first Monday in April of each year in which the new Board of Aldermen are to be elected under existing laws, and shall not be removed except for cause.

SEC. 8. That Jesse Wilder, C. W. Yates, S. P. McNair, H. C. McQueen and W. A. Riach be and they are hereby appointed members of the Board of Audit and Finance, whose terms shall commence upon the expiration of the term of the members of the present Board, and shall continue for two years and until their successors are appointed.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

SEC. 9. That whenever the executive committee of any political party of citizens in the City of Wilmington decide to take by primary election the sense of the members of the said party as to the proper person or persons to be presented on behalf of that party to the voters of the city at an election to be held in the city, under the laws of this State, for the election of Aldermen in the several wards of the city, and as to the proper persons to be presented to the Board of Aldermen as the candidates of that party for the offices of Mayor and Chief of Police, and for the selection of the members of the city executive committee of such party, the said committee shall file a notice of the primary, with such rules for its conduct as it may adopt, not inconsistent with this act, with the City Clerk and Treasurer of said city, at least ten days before the time designated for the holding of said primary. Such notice and rules shall be signed by the chairman or acting chairman and attested by the secretary of said executive committee, and by them certified under oath to be true and correct copies of the originals adopted by a majority of said committee. Said notice shall state the places where the voters belonging to that party are requested to cast their votes for the candidates as herein stated; and there shall be only one such place designated for each ward of the city; and the day on which such primary election is to be held—not less than ten days before the city election and the hours within which it is to be held and the names of the inspectors appointed to hold such primary election and receive the votes that may be cast thereat and make report and return thereof, and the time, when such return and report shall be made to the committee directing such primary election to be held; and, also, the date at which a second primary shall be held, as hereinafter provided, in cases where no one person voted for shall have received a majority vote of those cast at the first primary. On the filing of the said notice, and, if the said committee shall have adopted rules for the conduct of said primary, upon the filing of said rules, as provided, with the city clerk and treasurer, the said officer shall immediately cause the same to be copied in a book to be kept and preserved in his office for that purpose and the said notice and rules to be published in three issues each of at least two, or more in his discretion, of the daily newspapers published in said city, under his certificate that the same were filed in his office and the primary called pursuant thereto.

SEC. 10. That no person can vote or take part in the proceedings of any primary election who is not by the laws of the State a lawful elector at the time such primary election is held.

SEC. 11. That the executive committee appointing the inspectors to hold such primary election may declare the terms and conditions on which legal electors offering to vote at such election shall be regarded and taken as proper members of the party at whose instance or in whose interest such primary election has been called or may be held, and therefore entitled to vote at such election as a member of that party, and to provide rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this act, for the conduct of such primary. And upon the filing and publication of said rules and regulations, as hereinbefore provided, any person who shall knowingly and willfully violate or attempt to violate the same shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned in the discretion of the court trying the same; provided, that the rule or regulation so violated or attempted to be violated be not inconsistent with the provisions of this act or the law of the State. And the record of the said rules and regulations in the office of the City Clerk and Treasurer shall be received in any court of this State as the evidence of the primary rules and regulations adopted by said party.

SEC. 12. That any recognized member of the party in whose interest such election is held may challenge the right of any person offering to vote at such election and the inspectors there authorized to hold, and holding, such election shall determine on the evidence then furnished whether the person so offering is entitled to vote at such election, and shall receive or reject such votes so offered as to them the evidence for or against the right of the persons so offering to vote shall reasonably warrant.

SEC. 13. That the polls shall be open for such primary elections from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., and all votes shall be by ballot. The report to the committee so directing such primary elections by the officers holding the same, shall be in writing, with which the original ballots shall be returned and the poll list of the voters made at the time of the voting and the reasons on which any challenged vote was received or rejected. Said committee shall carefully examine the returns and reports so made and thereupon decide who are the persons that have been chosen by the majority vote cast in the primary election, and as candidates of the party for the office of aldermen at the approaching election; and such of the executive offices of the city to be voted for by the aldermen then to be elected as are mentioned in Section 9. The majority vote in a ward shall determine the result in that ward as to the persons to be the candidates of the party in that ward for aldermen and the committeemen from the ward to serve on the party's city executive committee. The majority of the aggregate vote cast in all the wards shall determine who shall be the party's candidates for Mayor and such other of the officials as are mentioned in Section 9. The said committee shall without delay publish in at least one issue each of two daily newspapers published in said city the tabulated statement of the result of the primary and declare who shall have been nominated and for what office, and also for what offices by reason of no person having received a majority of the vote cast there has been a failure to nominate. Thereupon, the second primary shall be held, as may be necessary because of the failure to nominate at the time designated in the first notice, and by the same inspectors appointed to hold the first primary, no other than the first notice being necessary; and at such primary only the two persons who shall have been voted for and received the highest and next highest vote in the first primary for candidates for a particular office shall be voted for in the second primary for that office; unless, either of those shall publicly withdraw by letter addressed to the said committee, in which event the third highest shall be then substituted for the person so withdrawing, or the fourth highest; and so on, if the persons voted for in the first and entitled to be voted for in the second primary shall in said manner withdraw. And the vote shall be canvassed and the result declared in the same manner as herein provided for the first primary.

SEC. 14. That except as herein provided all elections at primary elections under this act shall be regulated by the election law of the said city in force at the time such primary election is held as nearly as the same can be done.

SEC. 15. That if any person who is not entitled to vote under this act shall vote at any primary election held hereunder, or vote more than once, or personate another person, or in any name other than his own legal name, or in any manner disturb the orderly proceedings of any such election, or intimidate, or in any manner attempt to intimidate, or to deter from voting, or bribe or attempt to bribe, any lawful voter, or impose, or attempt to impose on any lawful voter, a ticket or ballot other than it appears on its face to be, such person or persons shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than $10.00, or be sentenced to hard labor upon the streets of the city for not more than three months, one or both at the discretion, of the court trying the case.

SEC. 16. That the inspectors who may hold such primary elections under this act, and return the votes, proceedings and actions thereof, herein provided, shall before assuming the duties make oath before some officer authorized to administer an oath, that they will honestly, faithfully, and to the best of their ability, do and perform all the duties of their respective offices, and any willful violation of said oath or of any other taken under the provisions of this act, shall be held to be perjury, and shall be punished as provided by the laws of the State for the crime of perjury.

The Chief of Police and the Sheriff of New Hanover County are required to see that good order is preserved at such election, and may arrest and prevent for commitment to the nearest officer clothed with the power of justice of the peace, all persons who may be guilty of any violation of the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 17. That the inspectors holding such primary election under the provisions of this Act may of their own motion, or in case of the challenge of any person offering to vote, if they deem there is any doubt of the propriety under the provisions of this Act of the vote so offered, require of the person so offering to vote his oath as to the fact which authorized the vote, and if the person so offering to vote declines to make the oath so demanded, his vote shall be rejected.

SEC. 18. That the costs and expenses of holding such primary election shall be borne by the city. The compensation of each of the inspectors shall be three dollars a day, and all charges and expenses shall be reasonable.

SEC. 19. That there shall be three inspectors of election appointed for each election precinct at such primary election, and in making the appointment of inspectors the executive committee shall, so far as possible, select qualified voters from a list of names agreed upon by a majority of the candidates before a primary election; provided, such agreed list is filed with the committee on such days as may be designated by the committee.

SEC. 20. That the executive committee of the city, when they are petitioned by one hundred qualified electors of the same political party the committee belongs to, shall call and cause to be held a primary election as provided for in this act; and should the committee refuse to call or hold such primary election as petitioned for, they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days or more than ninety days.

SEC. 21. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 22. This Act shall be in force from and after the ratification.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Proof.

It is an easy matter to claim that a remedy has wonderful curative power. The manufacturers of

Rheumacide

leave it to those who have been permamanently and positively cured of RHEUMATISM to make claims. Among those who have recently written us voluntary letters saying they have been cured are: Rev. J. L. Foster, Raleigh, N. C.; Mr. J. E. Robinson, Editor, Goldsboro, N. C., Daily Argus; Mr. A. Daus, a prominent merchant, Macon, Ga., and Mr. W. R. Duke, a railroad man, Kansas City, Mo.

Rheumacide Will Cure You.

Manufactured by THE BOBBITT DRUG CO.,
Raleigh, N. C.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

Sold in Wilmington, wholesale and retail, by R. R. BELLAMY.
ja 10 1y tu th sa

NEW LIVERY.

I have received a new lot of Horses, Buggies etc., and am here to do business. When you want to buy or hire give me a trial. A good supply on hand to select from at all times.

F. T. MILLS.

ma 5 tf

N. F. PARKER.
Furniture, Furniture Novelties
No. 17 S. Front St.

Mattresses of all kinds made and renovated Furniture renovated, refinished, upholstered repaired, packed, hauled, stored and insured. To accommodate those who cannot visit my store during the usual business hours, I will keep open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 o'clock P. M., and Saturdays till 10 P. M.
Special Bargain: Solid Oak Chiffonier, five drawers, shaped top, swelled front, $4.96.
Bell 'Phone 310. ma 5 tf

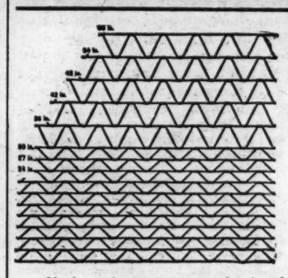
A Few Bargains Left in Damaged Furniture.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES:

Cane Seat Chairs.	50c
Oak Sideboards, . .	$7.00
Oak Beds, ...	2.00
Oak Bedroom Suits,	11.00
Woven Wire Springs,	1.00 and up.

And everything on our floors at a Sacrifice.
Come Early. TERMS CASH.

fe 28 tf **THE SNEED CO.**



The Hartman

Woven Wire Fencing

IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.
WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
ja 15 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Spring Has Come Again.

We Are Opening Daily Our New Spring Goods.

Spring Patterns of Waist Silks at	75c	per yard (no 2 alike)
Evening Shades Taffeta Silks at	48c	per yard
Zephyr Ginghams at	10c	per yard
French Percale at	10c	per yard
New Spring Styles Wool Dress Goods	25c	per yard
Silkoline Draperies at	7½c	per yard
Curtain Swisses at	10c	per yard
Infants' Soft Sole Shoes at	25c	

Best 50c Corset in the city.

OUR BUYER, Mr. Rehder, who will be in the Northern markets for several weeks, will be pleased to fill any orders for his customers.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

617 AND 619 NORTH FOURTH STREET.
P. S.—Car fare refunded to any one purchasing $2.00 worth or over. ma 5 tf

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OFFICE SUPPLIES.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF ALL KINDS OF

Commercial Stationery and Blank Books.

Those merchants who are quick to give an order to every "Knight of the Grip" that drops in to shake hands, will save money if they will take the trouble to ask prices of us.

We will at least pay the freight. Try us.

C. W. YATES & CO.
fe 26 tf

NOTICE.

We beg to notify our customers that we have disposed of our entire Plumbing Department to The Wilmington Iron Works, and solicit for them the same liberal patronage bestowed upon ourselves,

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

fe 26 tf

THE WAY WE DO BUSINESS IS THIS:

We sell large quantities of goods at a small profit. We handle everything in the Dry Goods line.

We have a few special things we want to push, and to put low prices on big values is to move them quickly.

Two hundred dozen Laundered Percale Shirts, worth 50c, selling at 29c each.

One hundred Boy's Suits, worth $1.00, new goods, at 69c.

Fine Hemstiched Sheets, 90x90 inches, 49c.

One hundred Ladies' Skirts at 99c, nice goods.

Nice line of Silk Skirts from $5.00 up.

One hundred Ladies' Capes, cheap at $1.00, for 69c.

Twenty-five dozen Children's Tam O'Shanter Caps from 5 to 20c.

Forty rolls of Matting from 10 to 25c per yard.

Sixty-two rolls of Carpet from 12½ to 50c.

Spring Roller Window Shades from 10 to 50c.

Lace Curtains from 45c to $2.50.

Three thousand pairs Shoes. Anything you want in the Shoe line from Children's Sewed Shoes at 13c per pair.

Job Women's Shoes at 45c per pair, and Men's Job Shoes at 75c per pair, to Fine Shoes at $2.00 and $2.50.

In your Shoe trade we will be glad to have you give us a look. We will save you money. We will guarantee a fit and give you satisfaction.

REMNANT SALE OF SILK.

Forty-five pieces running from 1 to 15 yards, worth from 25 to 50c, we will now sell at 29c.

Silk will be put on sale Monday morning.

Domestic Goods, Homespuns, Shirting, Plaids and Sheeting.

White Sheeting at 2½c per yard.

Pretty Spring Calico from 3½ to 5c per yard.

Yard wide Percale for 5c.

Bring your card with every cash purchase, and receive a present free of cost.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.,

ma 5 tf OPPOSITE THE ORTON.

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.
Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 12 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

se 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Feb. 6, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.26 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.39 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.52 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.33 P. M. Weldon 12.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M. Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 58—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.00 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.40 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 3.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.30 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.50 A. M., Sumter 8.15 P. M., Florence 10.00 A. M., Marion 10.40 A. M., Chadbourn 11.44 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.13 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.53 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9 30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.05 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11 22 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.12 A. M., arrive Latta 10.32 A. M., Dillon 10.44 A. M., Rowland 11.01 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 3.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 3.20 P. M., Latta 3.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.16 A. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Hartsville — P. M., Bennettsville 9.15 P. M., Gibson 9.45 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.45 A. M. Bennettsville 7.10 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.02 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 2.15 P. M., Darlington 6.36 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.15 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 12.01 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.10 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 11.01 A. M., Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 12.35 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.53 P. M., arrive Wilson 1.05 P. M., 11.50 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.29 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 9.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.25 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.30 P. M., arrive 4.10 P. M Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
fe 9 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 13	.....
5 35	5 45	Newbern.....	9 07	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City.	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

ja n 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule In Effect March 1st, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	8 50 a m
3 55 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	11 50 a m
3 59 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 30 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m
South Bound Daily No. 62.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 63.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 53 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m
No. 46.		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 49 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railrord, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 7 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND GEORGETOWN, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA ..... Saturday, March 11
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, March 18

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, March 11
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, March 18

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Tuesday, March 7
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, March 14

Steamers do not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. ma 5 tf

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MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Rasemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secretz ja n 1 tf

For Sale.

One Soda Water Fountain.

Tuft's make, Boston, Mass., known as "Magnolia."

Original cost, ... $1.500
Five charges, copper, original cost $40 each 200
Total cost $1.500

Will sell the entire outfit at a sacrifice! Rare Bargain. All in Good Order.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
fe 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best t

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 11.

HANGED TOGETHER.

The Execution of Mrs. Cordelia Poirier and Her Paramour, Samuel Parslow.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. SCHOLASTIQUE, QUEBEC, March 10.—Mrs. Cordelia Poirier and Samuel Parslow were hanged here to-day. The drop fell at 8.05. Life was declared extinct in eight minutes, the necks of both having been broken. Mrs. Poirier, who said farewell to her relatives last night, was firm and collected throughout. She took part in the mass at 5 o'clock this morning, and on the scaffold shook hands with the hangman without a tremor. The crowd inside the jail jeered at her, but even then her composure did not desert her, and at the suggestion of the executioner she turned and faced the jeerers and stood erect and prayed to the last.

Parslow exhibited much less courage and was more dead than alive when the drop fell. The condemned were taken to the scaffold separately and were prevented from seeing each other by a screen placed between them. Six hundred men who had remained up all night, witnessed the execution. Outside the jail there were two thousand more, who, with a beam, tried to batter down the gate of the jail yard and could only be made to desist by the provincial police firing their revolvers into the air. The behavior of the crowd inside was such that one of the priests, Rev. Father Meloche, had to reprove them from the scaffold.

Hanging in Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, March 10.—A special from Glasgow, Ky., says John Franklin was hanged at 7:30 A. M. for the murder of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Bowles. A great crowd was in the town, but only a limited number was admitted to the enclosure to witness the execution. Franklin professed to having experienced religion and stepped to the scaffold smiling.

WILL TAKE NO ACTION.

The War Department Will Make No Official Inquiry As to the Conduct of the Negro Troops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Despite repeated rumors to the contrary, the War Department has no intention of taking official action in the case of the Tenth colored immunes and other regiments that have been making trouble in transit through the South since their discharge.

In contravention of the story that a court of inquiry was to be appointed to inquire into the matter, it is pointed out by the officials of the Department that the men who have been making the trouble are no longer soldiers of the United States; having been mustered out they are private citizens in the fullest sense. The local police authorities have power to deal with them wherever they violate the law. The War Department has neither power or inclination to interfere. The only result likely to occur so far as the department is concerned is that hereafter the discharged troops, probably, will be taken to their own State in a body and mustered out there, instead of being turned loose far from home, with several months of military repression to be worked off in conviviality and impromptu shooting-matches.

THE TENTH IMMUNES.

Further Reports of Outrageous Conduct of the Negro Soldiers Passing Through the State.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 10.—Further particulars in regard to the conduct of the Tenth immunes were received here to-day from the towns along the Seaboard Air Line.

Between Atlanta and Monroe, they shot flagman Sam Sealy in the heel, inflicting a painful wound.

At Monroe they raided the dispensary, carrying off some seventy-five packages of whisky.

At Henderson, they came near killing an old white man named Crosier.

In Weldon, the last point at which they stopped in this State, their conduct was the worst. At the point of a pistol they forced John Battle, a worthy colored man, to drink seven glasses of whiskey. Battle fell down senseless soon after drinking the whiskey and died before a physician could be summoned. The riotous troops forced their way into stores and saloons, taking whatever they wanted. They fired upon a switchman who failed to run at their command and spoke insultingly to those whom they met upon the streets.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, March 10, 1899.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending March 10:

	1899.	1898.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	88,229	143,522
Total receipts to this date.....	7,280,193	7,553,593
Exports for week..	173,059	177,434
Total exports to date.....	5,915,408	5,621,842
Stock in all U. S. ports	748,529	1,071,090
Stock at all interior towns.....	449,426	449,431
Stock in Liverpool,	1,812,000	1,211,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	130,000	170,000

STATE OF DELAWARE.

Will Have Only One Senator at Washington for Two Years.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DOVER, DEL., March 10.—The Democrats and regular Republicans who have been such important factors in the triangular Senatorial fight, had an understanding which amounted to an agreement to disagree. This means that Delaware will have only one Senator at Washington for two years. The session of the Legislature ends Monday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

INDUSTRIAL AND TRADE ACTIVITY.

Continues a Prominent Feature of the General Business Situation.

PROSPECT FOR SPRING TRADE

Active Demand for All Manufactured Products—Prices Strong—Advances in Wages Announced—The Iron and Steel Trade.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Bradstreets to-morrow will say:

Industrial and trade activity is still a prominent feature of the general business situation. Price strength, too, is notable; especially in the mid-Winter rise of February, except in the case of the leading cereals and wool.

In manufacturing lines the situation is one of great activity. Additional advances in wages announced this week seem likely to swell the number of workers, whose wages are reported advanced, to close to 175,000. The iron and steel trade is still excited by reports of feverish demand, inadequate supplies and further advanced quotations. Shutdowns for repairs and other reasons have reduced pig iron output materially, and current production is said to be considerably below that of January 1st. The number of old furnaces being furbished up and put in operation is steadily increasing, but the effect as yet on production is not very marked.

In Wool and Cotton.

An easier tendency in wool is one of the disappointing features of the week, the outgrowth, particularly, of unsatisfactory demand for men's wear goods, but also a reflection of reports of projected combinations in the finished goods trade.

The demand for cotton goods is very active and nearly all classes are firmly held, though finished goods have not advanced to the same extent as the crude makes. Cotton remains steady, and the reduced movement at the South is making the minimum estimates more fashionable.

Lumber is active at most markets and prices are firm, because of well cleaned up stocks.

Raw and refined sugar have alike moved upward this week, partly because of unfavorable Cuban crop advices, and also in sympathy with the improvement going on in European beet markets. Refined has been marked up, notwithstanding the trade war now going on.

Wheat is weaker, notwithstanding crop damage reports, and other cereals are in sympathy therewith, chiefly because of the growth of bearish views of supplies held by farmers and a tendency to discount the generally expected heavy government estimates of wheat in farmers' hands.

Reports from leading markets East and West are of an active Spring job bing demand, particularly for dry goods, but shared in by clothing, shoes and other staples. On the Pacific coast business is fairly good, except at San Francisco, where general trade, as a whole, is below the average, owing to the uncertainty regarding the crops.

Wheat and Corn.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week, aggregate 4,398,821 bushels. Since July 1st, this season, the exports of wheat aggregate 173,111,755 bushels, against 168,941,514 bushels last year.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 3,376,586 bushels. Since July 1st, this season, corn exports aggregate 177,242,627 bushels, against 122,595,795 bushels during the same period a year ago.

Business failures for the week number 177, as compared with 170 last week, and 247 in this week a year ago.

THE VOLUNTEER TROOPS.

The Regiments in Cuba Will be Mustered Out at the Discretion of General Brooke.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—In pursuance of the administration's policy of bringing home all the volunteer troops for muster-out, in anticipation of the exchange of ratifications of the treaty of peace with Spain, orders were issued to day for the muster-out of the 160th regiment Indiana volunteer infantry, now at Matanzas.

It has been decided by the department that it would be unwise to send troops at once from a warm climate like Cuba to a Northern climate like Indiana, hence they will be held at Savannah for about two months.

The order for the muster-out of the volunteer troops in Cuba has been left to the discretion of General Brooke, commanding the entire Cuban army, on the theory that he is the best judge of the organizations that can be first relieved of military duty on the island.

GOVERNMENT OF CUBA.

Changes in Some Features Contemplated by the Washington Administration.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The administration is contemplating a change in some features of the government of Cuba. It is probable that the military will, to a certain extent, be replaced with a civil government. The head of the government, must, of course, remain in the military, but the change in contemplation is to have civil officers in places of the military men in the cabinet, and subordinate positions. It is believed that experts in different lines, such as finance and revenue, and in the management of much of the general business of the island, and of the different municipalities, will get along more smoothly than the army officers.

WM. JENNINGS BRYAN.

Completed His Lecture Tour in Texas. Enthusiastic Receptions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, TEXAS, March 10.—William Jennings Bryan completed his lecture tour in Texas at Dallas to-day. He addressed a packed Opera House in the afternoon and spoke to about 500 laboring men at their hall to-night. His lecture was in opposition to territorial expansion.

His tour in Texas was in the nature of an ovation at Fort Worth, Austin, Houston, Dallas and all along the line of railroads. Colonel Bryan left for Lincoln, Neb., to night.

No change is reported in the senatorial situation in Pennsylvania, or in California.

PREPARING TO PAY THE CUBAN TROOPS.

Six Thousand Commissioned, Ten Thousand Non-Commissioned Officers and 32,000 Privates.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, March 10.—The only obstacle now in the way of paying off the Cuban troops is the completion of the rolls, a work which is being hastened by Inspector Roloff. He says that in some cases the rosters of the commands must be treated ast he old rosters are either missing or toodefective to be useful. He points out that he insurgents often have no paper, pens or ink.

Gomez explains that six thousand commissioned and ten thousand non commissioned officers are relatively large numbers in an army of 32,000 privates, but that these officers, in many cases, received their appointments because the Cubans have had no other way of recognizing bravery and stimulating enthusiasm. "It may seem," he says, "a cheap sort of promotion, but it meant a good deal to the Cubans."

General Gomez continues to produce an excellent impression upon the American military authorities.

Cuban Military Assembly.

The stories printed here and elsewhere, to the effect that Governor General Brooke intends to require the Cuban Military Assembly to discontinue its meetings are officially denied. Another secret session, though it was said there was no quorum, was held to-day. This morning the committee appointed yesterday by the assembly called upon General Gomez to ask an explanation of his conduct and a definition of the understanding reached between him and General Brooke, which the committee declared had prevented a successful issue of the assembly's financial project. General Gomez declined to comply with the request.

Whether General Brooke's message, declaring that the United States will not recognize any financial obligation entered into by any persons claiming to represent the people of Cuba, without the President's authorization, was delivered to the Assembly has not yet developed; but it appears that the members of the Assembly, fear that this message will be followed by others of a more stringent nature. The session to-morow will be public and the business will be an explanation of what has been done in secret session and a discussion of the course of General Gomez.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the temperature was 76 degrees.

CONDITIONS IN PORTO RICO.

Gen. Henry Says He Needs More Troops. The Situation is Not Reassuring. Ill-Feeling Grows Stronger.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 10.—The *Tribune* to-morrow will print correspondence from Porto Rico from a *Tribune* staff correspondent. The real situation at Porto Rico, he says, is not understood. People in the States generally regard Porto Rico as a sort of haven of peace. The War Department has just requested of General Henry that he immediately report how many regular troops he could spare from the island. Gen. Henry is in a dilemma. He has only three regiments of troops—the Eleventh infantry, the Nineteenth infantry and the Fifth cavalry—and two batteries of the Fifth heavy artillery.

"I need twice the troops I have," said the General. "Because of the easy victory of our troops here in the war and the apparent friendliness of the natives to the American soldiers when they invaded the island, a notion prevails in the States that there is little necessity for a strong force to maintain order in the island. The idea is erroneous.

"The conditions here are alarming. These people have been given every opportunity, but they have thrown them aside. They are clamoring now for local self-government. They are no more fit for local self government than I am to run a locomotive. More troops are needed in the island. The seeds of discontent planted by professional agitators are rapidly growing and can be kept down only by a strong military force.

"The ill-feeling between the natives and the American troops seems to grow stronger every day. The American officers have to maintain the greatest vigilance to prevent their men from wreaking vengeance on the natives, and especially on the native police, for violent acts that are continually committed against the troops.

MUST ROB OR STARVE.

Cubans Thrown Out of Work by the Discontinuance of Public Works at Santiago.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, March 10.—The results of the policy inaugurated at Havana of discontinuing public works in this province and throwing men out of employment, are beginning to show. Yesterday six bandits were captured in the neighborhood of Conception, all of whom were formerly workers in the road gangs. They say they have no money, and must either rob or starve. They have been lodged in the city jail, but considerable feeling is displayed in their behalf by the populace.

Much the same sort of thing is happening in the district of Holguin, where the brush between bandits and gendarmes resulted in the killing of one of the former. Nevertheless, it is not expected that these troubles will make a serious turn, owing to the probability that work will be resumed early next week.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

Arrangements for the Trip South—Will Leave Washington Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Senator Hanna saw the President to-day and final arrangements were made for the President's trip to Thomasville, Ga. The party will leave here at 6 o'clock next Monday afternoon by way of the Atlantic Coast Line, and will consist of the President and Mrs. McKinley, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Senator and Mrs. Hanna, and Assistant Secretary Cortelyou. It is probable that the party will remain at Thomasville for a couple of weeks or longer, if the public business will permit.

Queen Marie Henrietta of Belgium is much better, but is not yet regarded out of danger.

BEST OF ALL

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the Carolina Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle.

GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

An Amicable Settlement of the Difficulty in Regard to China.

RUSSIA WITHDRAWS PROTEST

The Whole Trouble Ended and the Two Governments Arranging a Scheme by Which Their Relations in the East May be Regulated.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PEKIN, March 10.—The Chinese foreign office has received a dispatch from St. Petersbug saying that as a result of negotiations between Russia and Great Britain, the Russian minister here will withdraw his protest against the Hong Kong contract. The Hong Kong contract is identical with the Niu Chwang contract.

The *Daily Graphic*, an unusually well informed newspaper of London, made the following announcement this morning:

"The Niu Chwang loan contract cricis has been amicably settled by a direct exchange of views between the British and the Russian governments. The Russian assurances are completely satisfactory. The whole difficulty is ended and the two governments are arranging a scheme by which their relations in the far East may be permanently regulated.

"The London *Times*, in its financial article of February 1st, announced that a Chinese five per cent. railroad loan of $11,500,000 had been arranged by China with a British syndicate, the loan being specially secured on the Chinese Northern railroads. China, it was added, had given Great Britain a pledge that these railroads could not be alienated to any foreign power. It is apparently against this loan or its terms that Russia protested, the transaction since becoming known as the Niu Chwang or Hong Kong loan. Niu Chwang is the Chinese port at the head of the Gulf of Liao Tung, the port of Mukden, capital of Manchuria."

More Complications.

LONDON, March 10.—A dispatch from Allahabad, capital of the northwest provinces of India, say it is reported there from Yarkand, Chinese Turkestan, that a large force of Russian troops has arrived at the Russian post, Fort Murghabi, on the Murghabi river, in the Sari (Great) Pamir, with the intention of seizing the hundred-mile stretch of territory north of the Mustagh mountains, which was left undefined by the Pamir boundary commission in 1895. Its seizure by Russia would cause complications with Great Britain.

SICILIAN COUNTERFEITERS.

Another of the Gang Arrested With Bogus Notes in His Possession.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Another member of the gang of Sicilian counterfeiters which has been making and passing counterfeit two dollar Treasury notes, most of whom are now serving sentence, was arrested here to-day. He is Luigi Marchesette, of this city. One hundred counterfeit notes were found in his possession. Marchesette had just returned from New Orleans, where, it is believed, he disposed of a considerable quantity of bogus bills. He will be arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Shields to-morrow.

SENATOR JAS. K. JONES.

Had Another Attack Yesterday Incident to Angina Pectoris.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Senator James K. Jones, of Arkansas, who has been ill for some time, suffered another set back to-day. During the afternoon he was attacked with a paroxysm incident to the angina pectoris, which, while not so severe as former ones, appeared to be more stubborn in yielding to treatment. The physicians, however, succeeded in relieving their patient and to-night his condition is reported to be more favorable.

DEATHS IN SERVICE.

Adjutant General's Report from May 1st to March 1st.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The following statement has been issued, showing the total number of deaths reported to the adjutant general's office, between May 1st, 1898, and February 28th, 1899: Killed in action, 329; died of wounds, 125; died of disease, 5,277. Total, 5,731.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Pope continues to improve, but his physicians say that he shows great weakness, which is rather alarming to his entourage

The hospital ship Missouri arrived yesterday from Havana, with 226 patients for the new army hospital at Savannah, Ga.

The British steamer Collegian, from New Orleans, March 3rd, for Liverpool, is ashore on the Riding Rocks, near Nassau, N. P.

Martin Mahon, the New York hotel man, who is now in Atlantic City, sayt he will not return to New York to testify against Fayne Moore.

Thomas P. Donaldson, the diver, who fractured his skull in a dive into a tank at Madison Square Garden, on Wednesday, died at the New York hospital yesterday.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,910,473,027; per cent. increase, 49.5. Exclusive of New York, $659,530,449; per cent. increase, 30.7.

The British admiralty has decided to spend 1,250,000 pounds during the coming year in building new war vessels and in completing and fitting out one that is unfinished.

John Charlon, colored, was hanged at Savannah, Ga., yesterday, for the murder of Harry McLeod, September 9th last. Charlon intended to kill another man but shot McLeod.

Robbers effected entrance to the Bank of Amherst, Waupoca, Wis., and blew open the safe. L. A. Pomeroy, cashier of the bank, estimates the cash taken at about $5,370.

The Italian government has ordered three more cruisers to get in readiness to proceed to Chinese waters, in connection with the demand of Italy for a concession at San Mun, province of Che Kiang.

General Brooke telegraphs the War Department of the death of Private Charlie A. Johnson, Company C, First North Carolina, of cardiac failure. Private Johnson died at Camp Columbia, Cuba.

REINFORCEMENTS ARRIVE AT MANILA.

General Lawton and Troops on the U. S. Transport Grant — Incendiaries Burn Native Houses.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, March 10, 11:20 A. M.—Rebel incendiaries landed at the village of Pandacan last night, for the purpose, it is alleged, of terrorizing those of the inhabitants who do not sympathize with the insurrection. A number of native houses were destroyed.

The U. S. transport Grant, which sailed from New York January 19, having on board Major General Lawton, the Fourth infantry and a battalion of the Seventeenth infantry, arrived here this morning.

The remains of Colonel W. E. Smith, Major E. McConville, Captain David S Elliot and Second Lieutenant Eugene S. French, who were killed in action, were shipped home to day by the United States transport Scandia, with military honors. The Second Oregon volunteers furnished the escort through the city.

Major General Lawton, who arrived here to day on board the United States transport Grant, from New York on January 19, landed and formally reported to Major General Otis, after which he returned on board the Grant. The troops that reached here on board the Grant, (the Fourth Infantry and a battallion of the Seventeenth Infantry) will be disembarked immediately. A battaion of the 22nd Infantry has reinforced General Wheaton's brigade.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the temperature was 80 degrees and the weather was showery.

Aguinaldo's Agent Agoncillo

LONDON, March 10.—Senor Agoncillo, the agent of Aguinaldo, has recovered from the effects of the exposure to which he was subjected through the wrecking of the steamer Labrador on February 1st, in which vessel he sailed from St. John, N. B., for Liverpool.

Commenting upon the Associated Press dispatches from Manila this morning, saying that rebel incendiaries entered the village of Pandacan last night for the alleged purpose of terrorizing those of the inhabitants who do not sympathize with the rebellion, Agoncillo said if this were true it means the Filipinos have advanced within the American lines. He says, however, that it is absurd to say the Filipinos are attacking or burning the place, as, he asserted, it is the center of the Filipino free masons.

HAVANA ADVICES.

United States Mustering Out Officer Welcomed by the Volunteers—The New Cuban Navy.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, March 10.—The Seventh Army Corps is welcoming Major Guthrie, the mustering-out officer. General Fitzhugh Lee has assigned Major Blow, of the Fourth Virginia regiment, to assist Guthrie in examining the regimental books.

Ambitious patriots are advertising in the city papers for recruits for "the new Cuban navy," which they profess is about to be formed, adding that the lists will be handed to General Maximo Gomez. The appeal is especially directed to former employes of the Spanish navy.

INCREASE OF PAY.

Employes of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Made Happy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 10.—More than three thousand employes of the roadway department of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad are to be made happy by an increase in pay. Vice President and General Manager Parker, of the company, gave notice that commencing at once every section hand and employe of the roadway department, on every line of the 3,600 miles of the big system, would have his wages advanced from five to ten per cent.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet.

no 24 tf

For Two Days Only | At The Unlucky Corner.

Norton Yam Potatoes, 18c peck.
Smoked Beef Tongues, 25c each.
Springfield Hams, . . 12 1-2c lb.

A Good Heavy Wagon Horse for sale.

Riverton Drips have arrived.

S. W. SANDERS,

ma 10 tf 'Phone 109.

20c. Commence To-morrow (Monday) 20c.

THAT'S A GOOD DAY.

Corneau's Bed Bug Interseptic

Does the work quickly, 20c.
20c. quietly and pleasantly.

JAS. D. NUTT, Druggist.

ma 5 tf

Removal.

J. E. COWELL has removed his Barber Shop to Second street, between Market and Princess, corner Purcell alley. ma 10 tf

GOVERNOR STEPHENS.

His Family Joins Him in Sincere Praise of Paine's Celery Compound.

Lon V. Stephens is the first native-born Governor of Missouri; neighboring Kentucky has furnished the rest.

As Chief Executive of the State of Missouri his policy is business like, economical and progressive.

Governor Stephens frankly and freely recommends Paine's celery compound. He has been greatly benefitted by it, and whenever there is sickness in his family Paine's celery compound is the remedy that is used.

As a witness to the wonderful efficacy of this remedy, especially in the spring, the experience of the Chief Executive of the State told in the following letter cannot be slightingly passed over:

Executive Department.
State of Missouri,
Jefferson City, Feb. 8, 1899.

Gentlemen:

I have used Paine's celery compound; keep it in my house for family use, and find it a splendid remedy.

Very respectfully yours,
LON V. STEPHENS.

Why is Paine's celery compound to-day the most successful spring remedy in the world?

It is so wonderfully successful simply because it accomplishes in every instance exactly what is claimed for it.

And of what other remedy can that be said?

Every form of nervous trouble, whether localized in the muscles, heart, brain, or in the nerves themselves, is cured—to stay cured—by Paine's celery compound. Every kind and degree of impoverishment of the system is overcome by this greatest of all invigorators after other remedies have shown no beneficial effect.

It is the spring remedy vouched for by physicians, teachers and well read, well informed men and women in every part of the country.

People are everywhere dying of exhausted nervous energy or dragging out their lives in pain and discomfort, because of sleeplessness, nervousness and fagged-out brains. The objective point of Paine's celery compound in successfully curing such nervous troubles is to feed the nerves, build up the wasted brain-parts, nourish the tissues and increase the constructive capacity of the blood. Health and renewed life to all the nervous tissues thus takes the place of the lethargy and the debility of disease, when Paine's celery compound is employed.

No one will need to be told that Paine's celery compound does its best work now as spring comes on. These early spring days encourage getting well. Nervous diseases are less stubborn and debility yields more quickly now than at any other time.

It will astonish every one who knows Paine's celery compound only by hear-say, to try it now and to see the change from a yellow, sallow, complexion to a fresh, healthy color; headaches will wholly cease; sleep will refresh and the mind grow clear. By means of this great modern remedy the liver that has been sluggish all winter becomes active, and bilious attacks and the poisonous headaches and the diseases akin to rheumatism which are its result, are cut short.

If it were possible to make a house-to-house canvass of families where Paine's celery compound is being used during these early spring days, an overwhelming amount of evidence would appear showing the implicit confidence that is placed in this greatest of all spring remedies; and the enormous number of people who are being cured of some form of nervous troubles, sleeplessness, indigestion, headaches, neuralgia, heart troubles or a general "rundown" condition.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

A First-class Farm for Rent. The well known Charles Bonham place, two miles from town. Apply to F. G. Punke, 134 Market street. ma 11 2t

For Sale—That elegant residence No. 107 North Seventh street, occupied by Mr. Jno. H. Reader. Has all conveniences, including bath, sewer, cistern, electric bell, etc. A rare opportunity for a desirable home. Apply to W. E. Perdew. ma 11 tf

Make money making Artificial Honey, pure and wholesome. Formula, 10c silver. J. E. Rue, Panacea, N. C. ma 10 1w*

I am not in business for fun. All consignments promptly sold; enquiries cheerfully answered. My business is to sell all products to the interest of the producer. I deal in Groceries, Cotton, Spirits, Tar and Rosin. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. ma 8 tf

Found—A place to buy Wall Paper, by selecting from an assortment of 300 different styles. And a good deal more to interest you, at Howell's Book Store. Bell 'Phone 485. mar 7 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

I Am Not a Candidate for Mayor or Chief of Police, but can serve you when you want anything in Country Produce. Satisfaction guaranteed. Consignments solicited. L. Tate Bowden, No. 6, Princess street. fe 26 tf

M. C. Benson—The well known Produce Commission Merchant, 105 Dock street. Solicits consignments of all classes Produce. Beef Cattle a specialty ja 29 tf

Photographs—If you want up-to-date Photographs in style and finish, call on U. C Ellis, 114 Market street. ja 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Country Produce of every kind at lowest prices. Choice Sausage, Pork Sausage, dressed and live Poultry. Country shipments solicited. P. H. Smith, Bell 'Phone 388, 314 Campbell street. de 23 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Stock, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

Cash Paid for Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

26 cents per pound free on board cars or steamer

at Wilmington, in good sound packages

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
ma 3 2m Boston, Mass.

New Wash Goods.

We are showing an elegant line of NEW Percales, Zephyrs, Ginghams & Calicoes.

Just the thing for SHIRT WAISTS; and this bids fair to be the biggest Shirt Waist Season ever known, and rightly so, for what is there to equal the Shirt Waist in Comfort and Coolness? Last season's output in this special class of Goods was enormous, and while this was so, yet the demand was far greater than the supply.

Our NEW Season's purchase is here

for your inspection. Don't you think it would be wise to make your selections now, when the stock is at its best? For a very small sum you can choose your entire Summer's outfit of these Beautiful Goods. I could write on and on of their beauty, durability, etc., etc., but "seeing is believing." Hence we invite you to call and examine, when you will find our statements are correct.

Special in Smyrna Rugs.

A lot of 36-inch Smyrna Rugs just received. Price $2.50 each. All beautiful patterns.

A. D. BROWN.

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